

ULTRA NARROW BAND SIGNAL PROCESSING



• IOT ECO-SYSTEM

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- INCREASED USER DEMAND (CAP)
- LOW COST DEVICE (LC)
- LOW DATA VOLUME (LD)
- LOW POWER DEVICES (LP)



 AIR INTERFACE ACCESS

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- NO SYNCHRONIZATION (LC)
- MODIFIED ALOHA BASED ACCESS (CAP)
- ULTRA NARROW BAND (LD)



 NETWORK END POINT

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- LOW SENSITIVITY BS
- COOPERATIVE BASE STATION (CAP)
- ISM BAND (COST)
- SDR IMPLEMENTATION IN BASE STATION



 SDR REQUIREMENTS

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- DEVICE SIMPLICITY IMPLIES BS COMPLEXITY
- COGNITIVE RADIO (ENVIRONMENT AWARE)
- MULTIPLE STANDARDS (REGIONS)
- INTERFERENCE RESILIENCE (ISM BAND)
- CAPACITY (15% SPECTRUM OCCUPANCY)



SDR FRONT END

- HIGH DYNAMIC RANGE (NO AGC)
- SOFTWARE BASED CALIBRATION
- MASSIVE N-PATH RADIO (OVER-DECIMATED CHANNELIZER)
- WATERFALL COMPOSITION
- DETECTION CRITERIA (INTERFERENCE)
- GHOST (CONCEPT)



 FREQUENCY TRACKING

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- MOBILITY (LC)
- SIMPLIFIED TED
- FREQUENCY ESTIMATION FOR DOWNLINK
- GHOST ERADICATION (MIPS, CAPACITY)



DEMODULATION

- COHERENT RECEIVER
- RSSI ESTIMATION
 - QoS,
 - Downlink power control)
- NYQUIST POST-FILTERING



TIMING ERROR DETECTION

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- DOWNSAMPLING
- INTERPOLATION
- HARD DECISION



DECODER

- •
- MULTIPLE PROTOCOL SEARCH
- PAYLOAD EXTRACTION
- QOS ESTIMATION



 NEW ARCHITECTURES

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FPGA

ASIC

HSA-GPU













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